

# Base information required for sheep and beef OverseerFM® nutrient budget

OverseerFM® is a software application that supports farmers and growers to make informed decisions about their nutrient use on-farm to improve performance and reduce losses to the environment.

This template has been designed to help sheep and beef farmers collate some base information needed to complete a nutrient budget for their farm using OverseerFM®. A suitably qualified advisor/consultant will be able to use this information to start building an OverseerFM® nutrient budget. Farmers need to

ensure that all information recorded in this template is accurate and up to date.

**Note:** Additional information will be required to complete your OverseerFM® nutrient budget. This template does have areas where you can identify "blocks"; as this is an important step in developing an OverseerFM® nutrient budget. Blocks should be defined based on land uses, management systems, topography and enterprise. These will need to be finalised by your consultant/qualified advisor.

#### Year:

(Note: nutrient budget year is from July to June)

#### Each Paddock in a block should:

- Grow the same pasture or crop
- Support similar animals
- · Have a similar climate
- Have similar topography (for pastoral)
- Have similar fertiliser applications
- Have the same drainage.

Farm details			
Farm name			
Farm physical address			
Owner/s			
Manager			
Annual rainfall (mm)			
Total farm area (ha)	Effecti	ve area (ha)	
Contact phone number/s	Email		



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## **Sheep—stock numbers** (July to June)

Dates, weights and rates	
Average lambing date (MA + 2ths)	
Average weaning date (MA + 2ths)	
Lambing % (lambs weaned/inlamb ewes in July)	
Weaning weight	
Liveweight non-replacement female animals are sold	
Breeding ewes replacement rate	
Greasy wool kg/yr	

Sheep stock details—separate by stock ty	/pe			
Stock type <sup>1</sup>				
Breed				
Start live weight <sup>2</sup>				
End live weight <sup>3</sup>				
Start age (months)				
Source <sup>4</sup>				
Sex (m/f/mixed)				
Fate <sup>5</sup>				

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Stock type—breeding ewes (mixed age), breeding replacements, breeding rams (mixed age), lambs, ewes and hoggets, wethers or rams.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Start live weight—as of 1 July. For lambs this is at weaning. <sup>3</sup> End live weight—As of 30 June. For lambs this is when sold or 30 June if they remain on farm.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Source—on farm, bought, weaned. <sup>5</sup> Fate—sold to store, sold to works, remain on farm.

Sheep mob num	bers by month	1										
Stock type	Jul	Aug	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun

### **Beef/dairy grazers—stock numbers** (July to June)

Dates, weights and rates	
Average calving date	
Average weaning date	
Breeding cows calving % (calves weaned/cows in July)	
Weaning weight	
Breeding replacement rate	

Cattle stock details-	-separate by stock ty	pe			
Stock type <sup>1</sup>					
Breed					
Start live weight <sup>2</sup>					
End live weight <sup>3</sup>					
Start age (months)					
Source <sup>4</sup>					
Sex (m/f/mixed)					
Fate <sup>5</sup>					

Name each different grouping of stock. if similar classes of stock are sold at different times, each group sold should be described as a different mob.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Stock type—breeding cows (mixed age), breeding cows, breeding replacements, breeding bulls (mixed age), weaners, heifers & cows, steers, bulls, dairy grazing (milking cows), or dairy grazing (replacements).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Start live weight—as of 1 July. For weaner this is at weaning. <sup>3</sup> End live weight—As of 30 June or when sold.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Source—on farm, bought, weaned. <sup>5</sup> Fate—sold to store, sold to works, remain on farm.

Beef/dairy grazers mob numbers by month												
Stock type	Jul	Aug	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun

## **Deer—stock numbers (July-June)**

Dates, weights and rates	
Average fawning date	
Average weaning date	
Breeding hinds fawning % (fawns weaned/hinds in July)	
Velvet production (kg/ha)	
Weaning weight	
Breeding replacement rate (%)	

Deer stock details—	separate by stock type	e		
Stock type <sup>1</sup>				
Breed				
Start live weight <sup>2</sup>				
End live weight <sup>3</sup>				
Start age (months)				
Source <sup>4</sup>				
Sex (m/f/mixed)				
Fate <sup>5</sup>				

Name each different grouping of stock. if similar classes of stock are sold at different times, each group sold should be described as a different mob.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Stock type—breeding hinds (mixed age), breeding hinds, breeding replacements, breeding stags, weaners, hinds, stags (mixed age), stags.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Start live weight—as of 1 July. For weaner this is at weaning. <sup>3</sup> End live weight—As of 30 June or when sold.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Source—on farm, bought, weaned. <sup>5</sup> Fate—sold to store, sold to works, remain on farm.

Deer mob numb	ers by month											
Stock type	Jul	Aug	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun

## Paddock information—topography and soil test results

Assigned block <sup>1</sup>	Paddock name	Area (ha)	Mole and tile drainage (Y/N)	Topography <sup>2</sup>	Olsen P	Potassium (QT K)	Calcium (QT Ca)	Magnesium (QT Mg)	Sodium (QT Na)	Sulphur <sup>3</sup> (mg/kg) (type)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Blocks in OverseerFM<sup>®</sup> can be defined as land used for a common purpose and manged in a similar way. OverseerFM<sup>®</sup> allows 3 soil and 2 or more irrigaion systems per bock.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Topography—Flat, Rolling, Easy hill, Steep hill, <sup>3</sup>Sulphur type—Total S, Organic S, Sulphate S

### Paddock information—topography and soil test results

Assigned block <sup>1</sup>	Paddock name	Area (ha)	Mole and tile drainage (Y/N)	Topography <sup>2</sup>	Olsen P	Potassium (QT K)	Calcium (QT Ca)	Magnesium (QT Mg)	Sodium (QT Na)	Sulphur <sup>3</sup> (mg/kg) (type)
-										

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Blocks in OverseerFM<sup>®</sup> can be defined as land used for a common purpose and manged in a similar way. OverseerFM<sup>®</sup> allows 3 soil and 2 or more irrigaion systems per bock.

### Adding a forest

Type <sup>1</sup>	Name	Harvested in last 10 years? (Y/N)	Years since harvest?	Current forest age?	Region <sup>2</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Select type of forest. Note - within one Tree block you can have different tree types/forests so it may be 50% pines and 50% native

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Topography—Flat, Rolling, Easy hill, Steep hill <sup>3</sup>Sulphur type—Total S, Organic S, Sulphate S

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Select region (this influences growing/sequestration rates)

## Fertiliser and lime (applied to pasture only)

Product name	Total tonnage (tonnes)	Rate (kg/ha)	Month applied	Paddock(s) applied on

Note: Fertiliser applications to any crops should not be recorded here. this will be recorded in the "Cropping" section.

## **Supplementary feed**

Supplements imported (and fed on farm)											
Type of feed <sup>1</sup>	Paddock(s) where fed	Amount imported (T)	As dry weight?	Animals fed							

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> (e.g. maize silage, pasture silage, barley or wheat straw, maize, barley or wheat grain, molasses, PKE etc.)

Supplements fed out from storage											
Type of feed <sup>1</sup>	Paddock(s) where fed	Amount fed (T)	As dry weight?	Animals fed							

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> (e.g. hay, baleage, silage)

Supplements made on farm												
Type of feed <sup>1</sup>	Paddock(s) where made	Paddock(s) where fed	Amount made (T)	As dry weight?	Animals fed							

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> (e.g. hay, baleage, silage, direct feeding)

## **Irrigation** (if applicable)

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		T	I	
Paddock name				
Irrigation type*				
Irrigation area (ha)				
October				
November				
December				
January				
February				
March				
April				

<sup>\*</sup>Irrigation type— Centre pivot/lateral, Travelling irrigator, Spraylines/K-line, Drip/micro, Solid set/fixed grid, Flood, Boarder dyke

T	1.6
otal annual water	used for irrigation:
rotal allitadi water	asca for irrigation.

How is irrigation scheduled? Vi	sual/dig a hole	Fixed depth & return period	Soil moisture budget	Soil moisture probes or tapes
Soil moisture probes or tapes:	Trigger point (when you start to irrig	gate)	Refill point (what you fill up to)	
When irrigating, do you (select o	one): Vary application	depth Vary return period	Vary both	Vary none

## **Cropping** (fodder crops, forages, grain crops, seed crops, vegetables)

	Current crop				Previous crop in t	hat paddo	ock (if appl	icable)	Crop to follow paddock			
Crop No. 1												
Area (ha)												
Paddock name												
Yield (t/ha)												
Cultivation method <sup>1</sup>												
Month sown												
Stock fed to												
Month(s) harvested/grazed												
Post-harvest management <sup>2</sup>												
Previous years in pasture (out of the last 10 years)												
	Product	Rate (kg/ha)	Month applied	Method	Product	Rate (kg/ha)	Month applied	Method	Product	Rate (kg/ha)	Month applied	Method
Fertiliser applications												

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Cultivation method—conventional, direct drilled, minimum till

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Post-harvest management—retained/incorporated, grazed, burnt, removed

	Current crop				Previous crop in t	hat paddo	ock (if appl	icable)	Crop to follow paddock			
Crop No. 1												
Area (ha)												
Paddock name												
Yield (t/ha)												
Cultivation method <sup>1</sup>												
Month sown												
Stock fed to												
Month(s) harvested/grazed												
Post-harvest management <sup>2</sup>												
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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Post-harvest management—retained/incorporated, grazed, burnt, removed

	Current crop			Previous crop in that paddock (if applicable)				Crop to follow paddock				
Crop No. 1												
Area (ha)												
Paddock name												
Yield (t/ha)												
Cultivation method <sup>1</sup>												
Month sown												
Stock fed to												
Month(s) harvested/grazed												
Post-harvest management <sup>2</sup>												
Previous years in pasture (out of the last 10 years)												
	Product	Rate (kg/ha)	Month applied	Method	Product	Rate (kg/ha)	Month applied	Method	Product	Rate (kg/ha)	Month applied	Method
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	Current crop			Previous crop in that paddock (if applicable)				Crop to follow paddock				
Crop No. 1												
Area (ha)												
Paddock name												
Yield (t/ha)												
Cultivation method <sup>1</sup>												
Month sown												
Stock fed to												
Month(s) harvested/grazed												
Post-harvest management <sup>2</sup>												
Previous years in pasture (out of the last 10 years)												
Cour of the last to years,	Product	Rate (kg/ha)	Month applied	Method	Product	Rate (kg/ha)	Month applied	Method	Product	Rate (kg/ha)	Month applied	Method
Fertiliser applications												

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Cultivation method—conventional, direct drilled, minimum till

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Post-harvest management—retained/incorporated, grazed, burnt, removed

## **Grazing restrictions**

Exclusions:				Restrictions:
Block Name <sup>1</sup>	Paddock Name	Stock class excluded	Month(s) excluded	Stock class(s) grazed by

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Consultant to confirm

#### Wetlands

# Total wetland | Fenced or Paddocks Block<sup>1</sup> Wetland Natural or Catchment name area (ha) unfenced? artificial? wetland is in area (ha)

## **Grass filter strips**

Block <sup>1</sup>	Paddock situat- ed in	Length of strip (m)	Width of strip (m)	Catchment area supplying strip	Age of strip (years)

Note: A grass filter strip is an area fenced off containing dense grass where runoff water passes through it before

reaching a water body such as a stream.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Consultant to confirm

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